

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 581

February Session, 2008

LCO No. 2601

02601____ENV

Referred to Committee on Environment

Introduced by: (ENV)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND MOTOR BUS IDLING.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 22a-6b of the 2008 supplement to the general
- 2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3 (Effective October 1, 2008):
- 4 (a) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall adopt
- 5 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to
- 6 establish a schedule setting forth the amounts, or the ranges of
- 7 amounts, or a method for calculating the amount of the civil penalties
- 8 which may become due under this section. Such schedule or method
- 9 may be amended from time to time in the same manner as for
- adoption provided any such regulations which become effective after
- 11 July 1, 1993, shall only apply to violations which occur after said date.
- 12 The civil penalties established for each violation shall be of such
- 13 amount as to insure immediate and continued compliance with
- 14 applicable laws, regulations, orders and permits. Such civil penalties
- shall not exceed the following amounts:

16 (1) For failure to file any registration, other than a registration for a 17 general permit, for failure to file any plan, report or record, or any 18 application for a permit, for failure to obtain any certification, for 19 failure to display any registration, permit or order, or file any other 20 information required pursuant to any provision of section 14-100b or 21 14-164c of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, subdivision (3) 22 of subsection (b) of section 15-121, section 15-171, 15-172, 15-175, 22a-5, 23 22a-6 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-7, 22a-32, 22a-24 39 or 22a-42a, 22a-45a, chapter 441, sections 22a-134 to 22a-134d, 25 inclusive, of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes subsection (b) 26 of section 22a-134p, section 22a-171, 22a-174, 22a-175, 22a-177, 22a-178, 27 22a-181, 22a-183, 22a-184, 22a-208, 22a-208a, 22a-209, 22a-213, 22a-220, 28 22a-231, 22a-336, 22a-342, 22a-345, 22a-346, 22a-347, 22a-349a, 22a-354p 29 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-358, 22a-359, 22a-30 361, 22a-362, 22a-368, 22a-401 to 22a-405, inclusive, 22a-411 of the 2008 31 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-416, 22a-417, 22a-424 to 22a-32 433, inclusive, 22a-447, 22a-449 of the 2008 supplement to the general 33 statutes, 22a-450, 22a-451, 22a-454, 22a-458, 22a-461, 22a-462 or 22a-471, 34 or any regulation, order or permit adopted or issued thereunder by the 35 commissioner, and for other violations of similar character as set forth 36 in such schedule or schedules, no more than one thousand dollars for 37 said violation and in addition no more than one hundred dollars for 38 each day during which such violation continues;

(2) For deposit, placement, removal, disposal, discharge or emission of any material or substance or electromagnetic radiation or the causing of, engaging in or maintaining of any condition or activity in violation of any provision of section 14-100b or 14-164c of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 15-121, section 15-171, 15-172, 15-175, 22a-5, 22a-6 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-7, 22a-32, 22a-39 or 22a-42a, 22a-45a, chapter 441, sections 22a-134 to 22a-134d, inclusive, of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes section 22a-69 or 22a-74, subsection (b) of section 22a-134p, section 22a-162, 22a-171, 22a-174, 22a-175, as amended by this act, 22a-177, 22a-178, 22a-181, 22a-183,

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- 50 22a-184, 22a-190, 22a-208, 22a-208a, 22a-209, 22a-213, 22a-220, 22a-336,
- 51 22a-342, 22a-345, 22a-346, 22a-347, 22a-349a, 22a-354p of the 2008
- 52 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-358, 22a-359, 22a-361, as
- 53 amended by this act, 22a-362, 22a-368, 22a-401 to 22a-405, inclusive,
- 54 22a-411 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-416, 22a-
- 55 417, 22a-424 to 22a-433, inclusive, 22a-447, 22a-449 of the 2008
- 56 <u>supplement to the general statutes</u>, 22a-450, 22a-451, 22a-454, 22a-458,
- 57 22a-461, 22a-462 or 22a-471, or any regulation, order or permit adopted
- 58 thereunder by the commissioner, and for other violations of similar
- 59 character as set forth in such schedule or schedules, no more than
- 60 twenty-five thousand dollars for said violation for each day during
- which such violation continues;
- 62 (3) For violation of the terms of any final order of the commissioner, 63 except final orders under subsection (d) of this section and emergency 64 orders and cease and desist orders as set forth in subdivision (4) of this 65 subsection, for violation of the terms of any permit issued by the 66 commissioner, and for other violations of similar character as set forth 67 in such schedule or schedules, no more than twenty-five thousand 68 dollars for said violation for each day during which such violation 69 continues:
 - (4) For violation of any emergency order or cease and desist order of the commissioner, and for other violations of similar character as set forth in such schedule or schedules, no more than twenty-five thousand dollars for said violation for each day during which such violation continues:
 - (5) For failure to make an immediate report required pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 22a-135, or a report required by the department pursuant to subsection (b) of section 22a-135, no more than twenty-five thousand dollars per violation per day;
- 79 (6) For violation of any provision of the state's hazardous waste 80 program, no more than twenty-five thousand dollars per violation per 81 day;

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- 86 (8) For violation of any provision of sections 22a-608 to 22a-611, 87 inclusive, no more than the amount established by Section 325 of the 88 Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (42 89 USC 11001 et seq.) for a violation of Section 302, 304 or 311 to 313, 90 inclusive, of said act.
- 91 (b) In adopting regulations regarding any schedule or methods 92 prescribed by this section, the commissioner shall consider:
- 93 (1) The amount or ranges of amounts of assessment necessary to 94 insure immediate and continued compliance;
- 95 (2) The character and degree of impact of the violation on the 96 natural resources of the state, especially any rare or unique natural 97 phenomena;
- 98 (3) The conduct of the person incurring the civil penalty in taking all 99 feasible steps or procedures necessary or appropriate to comply or to 100 correct the violation;
- 101 (4) Any prior violations by such person of statutes, regulations, 102 orders or permits administered, adopted or issued by the 103 commissioner;
- 104 (5) The economic and financial conditions of such person;
- 105 (6) The economic benefit which such person derived as a result of the violation;
- 107 (7) The character and degree of injury to, or interference with, public 108 health, safety or welfare which is caused or threatened to be caused by 109 such violation;

- 110 (8) The character and degree of injury or impairment to, or 111 interference with, reasonable use of property which is caused or 112 threatened to be caused by such violation;
- 113 (9) The character and degree of injury or impairment to, or 114 interference with, the public trust in the air, water, land and other 115 natural resources of the state;
- 116 (10) To the extent consistent with applicable law, any other factors 117 the commissioner deems appropriate, including voluntary measures 118 taken by such person to prevent pollution or enhance or preserve 119 natural resources;
 - (11) In the case of violation of the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 22a-135, the apparent seriousness of the release, occurrence, incident or other circumstance at the time it first became known to the licensee or any employee of such licensee, the extent of the delay from the time such licensee or employee had or in the exercise of reasonable care should have had knowledge of such release, occurrence, incident or circumstance until its reporting by the licensee in accordance with this subsection, subsection (a) of this section and sections 16-19g and 22a-135, and the conduct of the licensee in taking all necessary steps to prevent future violations of the provisions of said subdivision.
- 131 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the commissioner 132 may issue an order pursuant to chapter 446c, 446d or 446k to impose a 133 civil penalty that exceeds the limits enumerated in said subsection (a), 134 but in no case shall such penalty exceed one hundred thousand 135 dollars. To determine the amount of such penalty, the commissioner 136 shall consider the factors specified in subsection (b) of this section. Any 137 self-reported information submitted in accordance with a permit or 138 order issued, or regulation adopted pursuant to chapters 446c, 446d or 139 446k shall be presumed to be factual.
- [(c)] (d) If the commissioner has reason to believe that a violation

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- 141 has occurred for which a civil penalty is authorized by this section, he
- may send to the violator, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or
- personal service, a notice which shall include:
- 144 (1) A reference to the sections of the statute, regulation, order or 145 permit involved;
- 146 (2) A short and plain statement of the matters asserted or charged;
- 147 (3) A statement of the amount of the civil penalty or penalties or the 148 method for calculating the penalty or penalties to be imposed upon 149 finding after hearing that a violation has occurred or upon a default; 150 and
 - (4) A statement of the party's right to a hearing.
 - [(d)] (e) The person to whom the notice is addressed shall have thirty days from the date of receipt of the notice in which to deliver to the commissioner written application for a hearing. If a hearing is requested then, after a hearing and upon a finding that a violation has occurred, the commissioner may issue a final order assessing a civil penalty under this section which is not greater than the penalty stated in the notice. The commissioner may amend a notice of assessment at any time before such notice becomes final, provided the person to whom the notice is addressed shall have thirty days from the date of receipt of such amendment in which to deliver to the commissioner a written application for a hearing on such amendment, and provided further the commissioner may amend a notice of assessment after a hearing has begun only with the permission of the hearing officer. If such a hearing is not so requested, or if such a request is later withdrawn, then the notice shall, on the first day after the expiration of such twenty-day period or on the first day after the withdrawal of such request for hearing, whichever is later, become a final order of the commissioner and the matters asserted or charged in the notice shall be deemed admitted unless modified by consent order, which shall be a final order. Any civil penalty may be mitigated by the commissioner

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upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner in the commissioner's discretion deems proper or necessary consideration of the factors set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

[(e)] (f) All hearings under this section shall be conducted pursuant to sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive. The final order of the commissioner assessing a civil penalty shall be subject to appeal as set forth in section 4-183, except that any such appeal shall be taken to the superior court for the judicial district of New Britain and shall have precedence in the order of trial as provided in section 52-191. Such final order shall not be subject to appeal under any other provision of the general statutes. No challenge to any notice of assessment or final order of the commissioner assessing a civil penalty shall be allowed as to any issue which could have been raised by an appeal of an earlier order, notice, permit, denial or other final decision by the commissioner. Any civil penalty authorized by this section shall become due and payable (1) at the time of receipt of a final order in the case of a civil penalty assessed in such order after a hearing, (2) on the first day after the expiration of the period in which a hearing may be requested if no hearing is requested, or (3) on the first day after any withdrawal of a request for hearing.

[(f)] (g) Any person acting within the terms and conditions of a final order or permit issued to him by the commissioner shall not be subject to a civil penalty, under this section, for such actions.

[(g)] (h) A civil penalty assessed in a final order of the commissioner under this section may be enforced in the same manner as a judgment of the Superior Court. Such final order shall be served in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested. Any notice of violation or final order against a private corporation shall be served upon at least one of the individuals enumerated in section 52-57. After entry, a transcript of such final order may be filed by the commissioner, without requiring the payment of costs as a condition precedent to such filing, in the office of the clerk of the superior court in any one or more of the

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204 following judicial districts: Any judicial district in which the 205 respondent resides, any judicial district in which the respondent has a 206 place of business, any judicial district in which the respondent owns 207 real property and any judicial district in which any real property 208 which is a subject of the proceedings is located; or, if the respondent is 209 not a resident of the state of Connecticut, in the judicial district of 210 Hartford. Upon such filing, such clerk or clerks shall docket such order 211 in the same manner and with the same effect as a judgment entered in 212 the superior court within the judicial district. Upon such docketing, 213 such order may be enforced as a judgment of such court.

- [(h)] (i) The provisions of this section, sections 22a-2, 22a-6 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-6a, 22a-7, sections 22a-428, subsection (d) of section 22a-430, sections 22a-431, 22a-432, 22a-433, 22a-437 and subsections (b) and (c) of section 22a-459 are in addition to and in no way derogate from any other enforcement provisions contained in any statute administered by the commissioner. The powers, duties and remedies provided in such other statutes, and the existence of or exercise of any powers, duties or remedies hereunder or thereunder shall not prevent the commissioner from exercising any other powers, duties or remedies provided herein, therein, at law or in equity.
- [(i)] (j) No penalty shall be assessed pursuant to this section which exceeds two hundred thousand dollars or such other amount as may be provided by federal law.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (b) of section 22a-6e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 230 October 1, 2008):
- (b) The commissioner, or his designee, shall render a final decision to assess the administrative civil penalties established pursuant to this section, and shall collect such penalties, in accordance with the procedures specified in subsections (c) to [(g)] (h), inclusive, of section 22a-6b of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by

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- 236 this act. The commissioner may amend a notice of assessment at any 237 time before such notice becomes final, provided the person to whom 238 the notice is addressed shall have thirty days from the date of receipt 239 of such amendment in which to deliver to the commissioner a written 240 application for a hearing on such amendment, and provided further 241 the commissioner may amend a notice of assessment after a hearing 242 has begun only with the permission of the hearing officer. No 243 challenge to any notice of civil penalty assessment shall be allowed as 244 to any issue which could have been raised by an appeal of an earlier 245 order, notice permit, denial or other final decision by the 246 commissioner.
- Sec. 3. Section 22a-75 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- The commissioner may set schedules and assess civil penalties for any violation of this chapter pursuant to sections 22a-6a and 22a-6b of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes. Notice, hearing and appeal procedures shall be made pursuant to subsections [(c) to (h)] (d) to (i), inclusive, of section 22a-6b of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 4. Section 51-344b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 257 Whenever the term "judicial district of Hartford" is used or referred 258 to in the following sections of the general statutes, the term "judicial 259 district of New Britain" shall be substituted in lieu thereof: Subsection 260 (b) of section 3-70a, sections 3-71a and 4-164, subsection (c) of section 4-261 183, subdivision (4) of subsection (g) of section 10-153e, subparagraph 262 (C) of subdivision (4) of subsection (e) of section 10a-109n of the 2008 263 supplement to the general statutes, sections 12-3a, 12-89, 12-103, 12-264 208, 12-237, 12-242hh, 12-242ii, 12-242kk, 12-268l, 12-307, 12-312, 12-265 330m, 12-405k, 12-422, 12-448, 12-454, 12-463, 12-489, 12-522, 12-554, 12-266 586g and 12-597, subsection (b) of section 12-638i, sections 12-730, 14-267 57, 14-66 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 14-195, 14-324,

- Sec. 5. Section 22a-175 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- (a) Any person who knowingly or with criminal negligence violates any provision of this chapter, or any regulation, order or permit adopted or issued thereunder except for a violation of subsection (b) of this section, shall be fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars per day for each day of violation or be imprisoned not more than one year, or both. A subsequent conviction for any such violation shall carry a fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars per day for each day of violation or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.
- (b) Any person who (1) knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan or other document filed or required to be maintained under this chapter, or under any regulation, order or permit adopted or issued thereunder, [or who] (2) falsifies, tampers with or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the provisions of this chapter, or any regulation, order or permit adopted or issued thereunder, or (3) wilfully fails to maintain or

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- 300 knowingly destroys, alters or conceals any record required to be 301 maintained under this chapter, or any regulation adopted, or order or 302 permit issued under this chapter, shall, upon conviction, be fined not 303 more than [ten thousand dollars for each violation] fifty thousand 304 dollars per day for each day of the violation or imprisoned not more 305 than [six months for each violation] two years, or both. A subsequent 306 conviction for any such violation shall carry a fine of not more than 307 fifty thousand dollars per day for each day of the violation or 308 imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.
- Sec. 6. Section 22a-226a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 311 (a) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of section 312 22a-252, section 22a-208a, section 22a-208c, any permit issued under 313 said section 22a-208a, subsection (c) or (d) of section 22a-250, any 314 regulation adopted under section 22a-209 or 22a-231, or any order 315 issued pursuant to section 22a-225 shall be fined not more than 316 twenty-five thousand dollars per day for each day of violation or 317 imprisoned not more than two years or both. A subsequent conviction 318 for any such violation shall carry a fine of not more than fifty thousand 319 dollars per day for each day of violation or imprisonment for not more 320 than five years or both.
- 321 (b) Any person who, in violation of any provision of section 22a-322 208a, 22a-208c or 22a-252, any permit issued under section 22a-208a or 323 subsection (c) or (d) of section 22a-250, any regulation adopted under 324 section 22a-209 or 22a-231, or any order issued pursuant to section 22a-325 225: (1) Knowingly makes any false statement, representation or 326 certification in any application, record, report, plan or other document 327 filed or required to be maintained, (2) falsifies, tampers with or 328 knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained, or (3) wilfully fails to maintain or 329 330 knowingly destroys, alters or conceals any record required to be 331 maintained, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than fifty

- 332 <u>thousand dollars for each day of the violation or imprisoned not more</u>
- 333 than two years, or both. A subsequent conviction for any such
- 334 <u>violation shall carry a fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars per</u>
- 335 <u>day for each day of the violation or imprisonment for not more than</u>
- 336 <u>five years, or both.</u>
- Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 22a-361 of the general statutes is
- 338 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 339 *October 1, 2008*):
- 340 (a) No person, firm or corporation, public, municipal or private, 341 shall dredge, erect any structure, place any fill, obstruction or 342 encroachment or carry out any work incidental thereto or retain or 343 maintain any structure, dredging or fill, in the tidal, coastal or 344 navigable waters of the state waterward of the high tide line until such 345 person, firm or corporation has submitted an application and has 346 secured from said commissioner a certificate or permit for such work 347 and has agreed to carry out any conditions necessary to the 348 implementation of such certificate or permit. (1) Each application for a 349 permit, except for an emergency authorization, for any structure, 350 filling or dredging which uses or occupies less than five thousand five 351 hundred square feet in water surface area based on the perimeters of 352 the project shall be accompanied by a fee equal to eighty cents per 353 square foot provided such fee shall not be less than five hundred 354 twenty-five dollars. (2) Each application for a permit for any structure, 355 filling or dredging which uses or occupies five thousand five hundred 356 square feet or more but less than five acres in water surface area based 357 on the perimeters of the project shall be accompanied by a fee of three 358 thousand three hundred dollars plus ten cents per square foot for each 359 square foot in excess of five thousand five hundred square feet. (3) 360 Each application for a permit for any structure, filling or dredging 361 which uses or occupies five or more acres in water surface area based 362 on the perimeters of the project shall be accompanied by a fee of 363 nineteen thousand two hundred twenty-three dollars plus five 364 hundred twenty-five dollars per acre for each acre or part thereof in

- Sec. 8. Section 22a-407 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- (a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, any order or permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this chapter shall forfeit to the state a sum not exceeding [one] twenty-five thousand dollars, to be fixed by the court, for each offense. Each violation shall

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- 398 be a separate and distinct offense and, in case of a continuing violation, 399 each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed to be a separate and 400 distinct offense. Any dam that has been constructed, altered, rebuilt, 401 repaired or replaced without the permit required by section 22a-403 or 402 that remains in unsafe condition shall be deemed a continuing 403 violation. The Attorney General, upon complaint of the commissioner,
- 404 shall institute an action to recover such forfeiture and to enjoin such
- 405 violation and require its correction.
- 406 (b) Any person who knowingly or with criminal negligence violates 407 any provision of chapter 446j shall, for a first violation, be fined not 408 more than twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of the violation or 409 be imprisoned not more than one year, or both, and for a subsequent 410 violation, be fined not more than fifty thousand dollars for each day of 411 the violation or be imprisoned not more than two years, or both.
- 412 (c) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement, 413 representation or certification in any application, record, plan or other 414 document filed or required to be maintained under this chapter or 415 section 22a-6 or 22a-7 shall, for a first violation, be fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of the violation or be 416 417 imprisoned not more than one year, or both, and for a subsequent 418 violation, be fined not more than fifty thousand dollars for each day of the violation or be imprisoned not more than two years, or both. 419
- 420 (d) All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be used by 421 the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to (1) inventory or 422 inspect dams, (2) promote dam removal, or (3) support dam safety 423 technical assistance and outreach.
- 424 (e) For the purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of this section, "person" has the same meaning as in section 22a-2 and includes any 425 426 responsible corporate officer or municipal official.
- 427 Sec. 9. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 22a-430 of the general 428 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof

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(b) The commissioner, at least thirty days before approving or denying a permit application for a discharge, shall publish once in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of (1) the name of the applicant; (2) the location, volume, frequency and nature of the discharge; (3) the tentative decision on the application, and (4) additional information the commissioner deems necessary to comply with the federal Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.). There shall be a comment period following the public notice during which period interested persons and municipalities may submit written comments. After the comment period, commissioner shall make a final determination either that (A) such discharge would not cause pollution of any of the waters of the state, in which case he shall issue a permit for such discharge, or (B) after giving due regard to any proposed system to treat the discharge, that such discharge would cause pollution of any of the waters of the state, in which case he shall deny the application and notify the applicant of such denial and the reasons therefor, or (C) the proposed system to treat such discharge will protect the waters of the state from pollution, in which case he shall, except as provided pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, require the applicant to submit plans and specifications and such other information as he may require and shall impose such additional conditions as may be required to protect such water, and if the commissioner finds that the proposed system to treat the discharge, as described by the plans and specifications or such other information as may be required by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, will protect the waters of the state from pollution, he shall notify the applicant of his approval and, when such applicant has installed such system, in full compliance with the approval thereof, the commissioner shall issue a permit for such discharge, or (D) the proposed system to treat such discharge, as described by the plans and specifications, will not protect the waters of the state, in which case he shall promptly notify the applicant that its application is denied and the reasons therefor. No permit shall be

issued for an alternative on-site sewage treatment system, as defined in the Public Health Code, in a drinking water supply watershed unless the commissioner determines that (i) such system is the only feasible solution to an existing pollution problem and that the proposed system capacity does not exceed the capacity of the failed on-site system, or (ii) such system is for the expansion of an existing municipal or public school project or for new construction of a municipal or public school project on an existing municipal or public school site, in a municipality in which a majority of the land is located within a drinking water supply watershed. The commissioner shall, by regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, establish procedures, criteria and standards as appropriate for determining if (I) a discharge would cause pollution to the waters of the state, and (II) a treatment system is adequate to protect the waters of the state from pollution. Such procedures, criteria and standards may include schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, operating and maintenance procedures, management practices and other measures to prevent or reduce pollution of the waters of the state, provided the commissioner in adopting such procedures, criteria and standards shall consider best management practices. The regulations shall specify the circumstances under which procedures, criteria and standards for activities other than treatment will be required. For the purposes of this section, "best management practices" means those practices which reduce the discharge of waste into the waters of the state and which have been determined by the commissioner to be acceptable based on, but not limited to, technical, economic and institutional feasibility. [Any applicant, or in the case of a permit issued pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, any person or municipality, who is aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner where an application has not been given a public hearing shall have the right to a hearing and an appeal therefrom in the same manner as provided in sections 22a-436 and 22a-437. Any applicant, or in the case of a permit issued pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, any person or municipality, who is aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner where an

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application has been given a public hearing shall have the right to appeal as provided in section 22a-437.] The commissioner may, by regulation, exempt certain categories, types or sizes of discharge from the requirement for notice prior to approving or denying the application if such category, type or size of discharge is not likely to cause substantial pollution. The commissioner may hold a public hearing prior to approving or denying any application if in his discretion the public interest will be best served thereby, and he shall hold a hearing upon receipt of a petition signed by at least twenty-five persons. Notice of such hearing shall be published at least thirty days before the hearing in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the area affected.

(c) The permits issued pursuant to this section shall be for a period not to exceed five years, except that any such permit shall be subject to the provisions of section 22a-431. Such permits: (1) Shall specify the manner, nature and volume of discharge; (2) shall require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution abatement facility required by such permit; (3) may be renewable for periods not to exceed five years each in accordance with procedures and requirements established by the commissioner; and (4) shall be subject to such other requirements and restrictions as the commissioner deems necessary to comply fully with the purposes of this chapter, the federal Water Pollution Control Act and the federal Safe Drinking Water Act. An application for a renewal of a permit which expires after January 1, 1985, shall be filed with the commissioner at least one hundred eighty days before the expiration of such permit. The commissioner, at least thirty days before approving or denying an application for renewal of a permit, shall publish once in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the area affected, notice of (A) the name of the applicant; (B) the location, volume, frequency and nature of the discharge; (C) the tentative decision on the application; and (D) such additional information the commissioner deems necessary to comply with the federal Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.). There shall be a comment period following the public notice during which period

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interested persons and municipalities may submit written comments. After the comment period, the commissioner shall make a final determination that (i) continuance of the existing discharge would not cause pollution of the waters of the state, in which case he shall renew the permit for such discharge, (ii) continuance of the existing system to treat the discharge would protect the waters of the state from pollution, in which case he shall renew a permit for such discharge, (iii) the continuance of the existing system to treat the discharge, even with modifications, would not protect the waters of the state from pollution, in which case he shall promptly notify the applicant that its application is denied and the reasons therefor, or (iv) modification of the existing system or installation of a new system would protect the waters of the state from pollution, in which case he shall renew the permit for such discharge. Such renewed permit may include a schedule for the completion of the modification or installation to allow additional time for compliance with the final effluent limitations in the renewed permit provided (I) continuance of the activity producing the discharge is in the public interest; (II) the interim effluent limitations in the renewed permit are no less stringent than the effluent limitations in the previous permit; and (III) the schedule would not be inconsistent with the federal Water Pollution Control Act. No permit shall be renewed unless the commissioner determines that the treatment system adequately protects the waters of the state from pollution. [Any applicant, or in the case of a permit issued pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, any person or municipality, who is aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner where an application for a renewal has not been given a public hearing shall have the right to a hearing and an appeal therefrom in the same manner as provided in sections 22a-436 and 22a-437. Any applicant, or in the case of a permit issued pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, any person or municipality, who is aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner where an application for a renewal has been given a public hearing shall have the right to appeal as provided in section 22a-437.] Any category, type or size of discharge that is exempt from the requirement

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565 of notice pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for the approval or 566 denial of a permit shall be exempt from notice for approval or denial of 567 a renewal of such permit. The commissioner may hold a public hearing 568 prior to approving or denying an application for a renewal if in his 569 discretion the public interest will be best served thereby, and he shall 570 hold a hearing upon receipt of a petition signed by at least twenty-five 571 persons. Notice of such hearing shall be published at least thirty days 572 before the hearing in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in 573 the area affected.

Sec. 10. Section 22a-436 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Each order to abate pollution issued under section 22a-428 or 22a-431, [or decision under subsection (b) or (c) of section 22a-430] shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the subject of such order [or decision] and shall be deemed issued upon deposit in the mail. Any person who or municipality which is aggrieved by any such order [or decision to deny an application or, in the case of a permit issued pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, any decision without prior hearing under subsection (b) or (c) of section 22a-430] may, within thirty days from the date such order [or decision] is sent, request a hearing before the commissioner. The commissioner shall not grant any request for a hearing at any time thereafter. After such hearing, the commissioner shall consider the facts presented to him by the person or municipality, including, but not limited to, technological feasibility, shall consider the rebuttal or other evidence presented to or by him, and shall then revise and resubmit the order to the person or municipality, or inform the person or municipality that the previous order has been affirmed and remains in effect. The request for a hearing as provided for in this section [or a decision under subsection (b) or (c) of section 22a-430 made after a public hearing] shall be a condition precedent to the taking of an appeal by the person or municipality under the provisions of section 22a-437. The commissioner may, after the hearing provided for in this section, or at

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any time after the issuance of his order, modify such order by agreement or extend the time schedule therefor if he deems such modification or extension advisable or necessary, and any such modification or extension shall be deemed to be a revision of an existing order and shall not constitute a new order. There shall be no hearing subsequent to or any appeal from any such modification or extension.

- Sec. 11. Subsection (d) of section 22a-438 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 608 (d) Any person who (1) knowingly makes any false statement, 609 representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, 610 or other document filed or required to be maintained under this 611 chapter, or section 22a-6 or 22a-7, [or] (2) who falsifies, tampers with, 612 or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method 613 required to be maintained under this chapter, or section 22a-6 or 22a-7, 614 or (3) wilfully fails to maintain or knowingly destroys, alters or 615 conceals any record required to be maintained under this chapter, 616 section 22a-6 or 22a-7, shall upon conviction be fined not more than [twenty-five thousand dollars for each violation] fifty thousand dollars 617 618 per day for each day of the violation or imprisoned not more than two 619 years, [for each violation] or both. A subsequent conviction for any 620 such violation shall carry a fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars 621 per day for each day of the violation or imprisonment of not more than 622 five years, or both. For the purposes of this subsection, person includes 623 any responsible corporate officer or municipal official.
- Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2008*) (a) No person shall cause or allow a motor bus, as defined in section 14-1 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, to operate for more than three consecutive minutes when such motor bus is not in motion, except as follows:
- (1) When a motor bus is forced to remain motionless because of traffic conditions or mechanical difficulties over which the operator

- 630 has no control;
- (2) When the operator is in the process of receiving or discharging passengers;
- 633 (3) When it is necessary to operate heating, cooling or auxiliary 634 equipment that is located in or on the motor bus to accomplish the 635 intended use of the motor bus, including, but not limited to, the 636 operation of safety equipment;
- 637 (4) When it is necessary to maintain a safe temperature for 638 passengers with special needs;
- 639 (5) When the outdoor temperature is below twenty degrees 640 Fahrenheit; or
- (6) When the motor bus is undergoing maintenance.
- (b) A violation of any provision of this section shall, for a first offense, constitute an infraction, and for any subsequent offense, carry a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars.
- Sec. 13. Subsection (d) of section 51-56a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 649 (d) Each person who pays in any sum as a fine or forfeiture for any 650 violation of sections 14-218a, 14-219, 14-222, 14-223, 14-227a, sections 651 14-230 to 14-240, inclusive, sections 14-241 to 14-249, inclusive, section 652 14-279 for the first offense, sections 14-289b, 14-299, 14-301 to 14-303, 653 inclusive, section 12 of this act or any regulation adopted under said 654 sections or ordinance enacted in accordance with said sections shall 655 pay an additional fee of ten dollars. The state shall remit to the 656 municipalities in which the violations occurred the amounts paid 657 under this subsection. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief 658 Court Administrator, or any other official of the Superior Court

designated by the Chief Court Administrator, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, shall certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or official.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2008	22a-6b
Sec. 2	October 1, 2008	22a-6e(b)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2008	22a-75
Sec. 4	October 1, 2008	51-344b
Sec. 5	October 1, 2008	22a-175
Sec. 6	October 1, 2008	22a-226a
Sec. 7	October 1, 2008	22a-361(a)
Sec. 8	October 1, 2008	22a-407
Sec. 9	October 1, 2008	22a-430(b) and (c)
Sec. 10	from passage	22a-436
Sec. 11	October 1, 2008	22a-438(d)
Sec. 12	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 13	October 1, 2008	51-56a(d)

Statement of Purpose:

To give the Commissioner of Environmental Protection greater discretion when assessing civil penalties, to make the criminal penalties for failing to maintain or destroying information concerning air, water, solid and hazardous waste violations consistent, to require parties to seek a hearing regarding certain water permits before a final determination has been made, to increase the fee for a structure constructed without the required permit to four times the original application fee, to increase the current penalties for violating the dam safety provisions to twenty-five thousand dollars per offense, and to make the idling of a motor bus an infraction for a first offense and to carry a fine of one hundred to five hundred dollars for a subsequent offense.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]